"Your One-Stop Landscape Shop"



Snowcap Japanese Tree Lilac Syringa reticulata 'Elliott'

Height: 20 feet Spread: 12 feet Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 3

Other Names: Elliott Japanese Tree Lilac

Description:

A first rate accent tree adorned with frothy upright panicles of creamy white flowers in early summer; interesting steel-gray bark and a dense, upright habit; an ideal choice for small home landscapes; needs full sun and well-drained soil

Ornamental Features

Snowcap Japanese Tree Lilac features showy plumes of fragrant creamy white flowers rising above the foliage from late spring to early summer. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The pointy leaves do not develop any appreciable fall color. The smooth gray bark adds an interesting dimension to the landscape.



Snowcap Japanese Tree Lilac flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Landscape Attributes

Snowcap Japanese Tree Lilac is a dense multi-stemmed deciduous tree with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Snowcap Japanese Tree Lilac is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade



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Planting & Growing

Snowcap Japanese Tree Lilac will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 5 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This tree should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.