



# Applewood Nursery

& LANDSCAPE SUPPLY

*“Your One-Stop Landscape Shop”*



## Apricot Fudge Lily - New For 2024!

*Lilium 'Apricot Fudge'*

Height: 30 inches

Spread: 12 inches

Spacing: 10 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3

Group/Class: Longiflorum-Asiatic Hybrid

### Description:

A beautiful, unusual selection presenting fragrant, upward facing, rose-like blooms with a warm, apricot color; the long protruding anthers are an enchanting feature, an excellent choice for the garden, borders or planters; an excellent cut flower

### Ornamental Features

Apricot Fudge Lily features bold fragrant double peach cup-shaped flowers with orange overtones and dark brown anthers at the ends of the stems from early to mid summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its narrow leaves remain dark green in color throughout the season.

### Landscape Attributes

Apricot Fudge Lily is an herbaceous perennial with a rigidly upright and towering form. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. It is a good choice for attracting bees, butterflies and hummingbirds to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects
- Disease

Apricot Fudge Lily is recommended for the following landscape applications;



*Apricot Fudge Lily flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Apricot Fudge Lily flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

### **Planting & Growing**

Apricot Fudge Lily will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 10 inches apart. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. This plant should not require much in the way of fertilizing once established, although it may appreciate a shot of general-purpose fertilizer from time to time early in the growing season. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by multiplication of the underground bulbs; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.